**A pruning hierarchical tree method (*PHM*) using in A\* algorithm in Vietnamese parsing technique**

Subtitle as needed

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*Abstract* — This paper presents our research on A\* (A-star) algorithm using pruning hierarchical tree method in Vietnamese parsing technique in order to improve the quality of Vietnamese text-to-speech system. Based on the virtual node method proposed in [ref], we will describe our replace method: pruning hierarchical tree algorithm. This algorithm… (need to think more)

Keywords – A\*, parsing technique, PHM, algorithm, Vietnamese

# Introduction

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# A\* ALGORITHM FOR PARSING

## A\* algorithm

A\* algorithm operates on basically items called “*node*”. A *node* includes three attributes: *name, start,* and *end.* *Name* attribute indicates the name of node (also known as lexical tag or POS [ref]). And the attribute couple (*start, end*) is the start and end position of the text which is covered by *node* in the sentence.

Based on this basically items, the parser maintains two data structures: a chart (note as CHART) which records *nodes* for which (best) parses have already been found, and an agenda of newly-formed *nodes* needs to be processed (note as AGENDA).

## Estimation for A\* parsing algorithm

Wherever Times is specified, Times Roman or Times New Roman may be used. If neither is available on your word processor, please use the font closest in appearance to Times. Avoid using bit-mapped fonts if possible. True-Type 1 or Open Type fonts are preferred. Please embed symbol fonts, as well, for math, etc.

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 

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## Some Common Mistakes

* The word “data” is plural, not singular.
* The subscript for the permeability of vacuum **0, and other common scientific constants, is zero with subscript formatting, not a lowercase letter “o”.
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* There is no period after the “et” in the Latin abbreviation “et al.”.
* The abbreviation “i.e.” means “that is”, and the abbreviation “e.g.” means “for example”.

An excellent style manual for science writers is [7].

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| Table Head | Table Column Head | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Table column subhead | Subhead | Subhead |
| copy | More table copya |  |  |

a. Sample of a Table footnote. (Table footnote)

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1. Example of a ONE-COLUMN figure caption.

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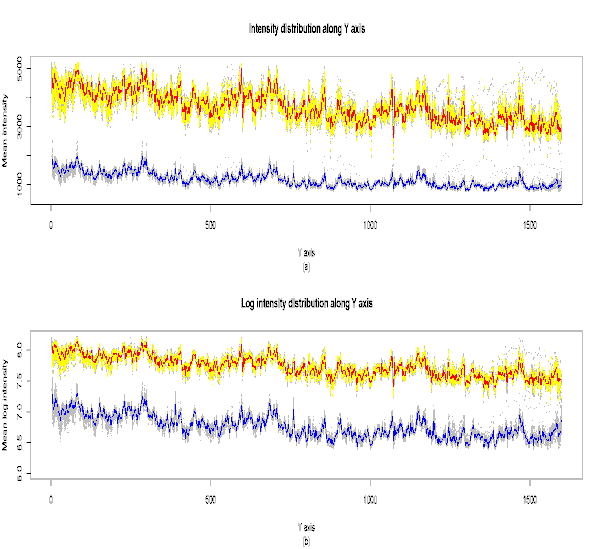
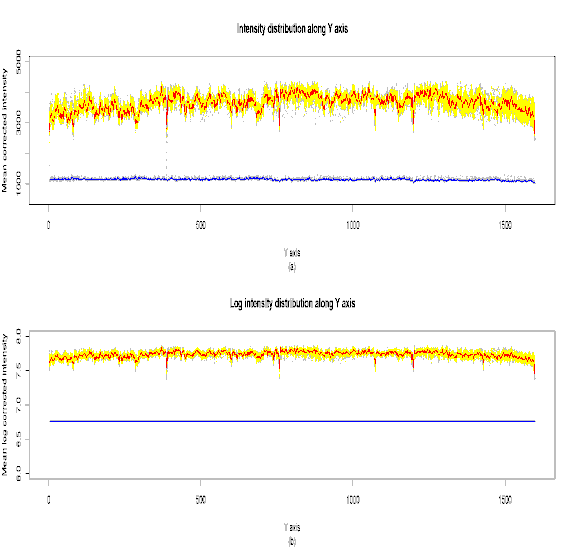
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8. Electronic Publication: Digital Object Identifiers (DOIs):

Article in a journal:

1. D. Kornack and P. Rakic, “Cell Proliferation without Neurogenesis in Adult Primate Neocortex,” Science, vol. 294, Dec. 2001, pp. 2127-2130, doi:10.1126/science.1065467.

Article in a conference proceedings:

1. H. Goto, Y. Hasegawa, and M. Tanaka, “Efficient Scheduling Focusing on the Duality of MPL Representatives,” Proc. IEEE Symp. Computational Intelligence in Scheduling (SCIS 07), IEEE Press, Dec. 2007, pp. 57-64, doi:10.1109/SCIS.2007.357670.

1. Example of a TWO-COLUMN figure caption: (a) this is the format for referencing parts of a figure.